

MasterBrand

C a b i n e t s , l i n e

Cabinet Care & Cleaning

CLEANING TIP: Never use a dishcloth to clean or dry cabinet exteriors or interiors. Remnants of detergent or grease may be contained within the dishcloth.

INTERIOR CLEANING

Cabinet interiors are surfaced with a quality laminate material that resists scuffs, mars and most common household spills.

1. To clean the interior surface, simply wipe with a damp cloth or sponge, then dry.
2. To remove food residue or grease, use the suds from any common dishwashing liquid and a damp cloth to wipe clean, then dry.

CAUTION: If a spill occurs, it is important to clean up the spill and dry the surface immediately. A spill left unattended will soak through and cause damage.

EXTERIOR CLEANING - WOOD FINISH

Wood exteriors are manufactured with a quality finish that protects the wood and brings out its full beauty. To maintain your cabinets' appearance, clean cabinets at least once a month.

1. Simply wipe the surface of your cabinets with a clean damp cloth, then dry.
2. To remove general soil or grease, use the suds from any common dishwashing liquid and a damp cloth to wipe clean. Dry thoroughly.
3. Excess moisture can damage any cabinet finish; areas near the sink, range, dishwasher, oven and baseboards are the most susceptible. Keep these surfaces dry.
4. Because your cabinets feature a quality finish, waxing your cabinets is not necessary. If waxing is preferred, use any furniture polish or lemon oil recommended for fine furniture. Be sure to completely wipe off the excess wax to avoid build-up.

CAUTION: Avoid using cleaners that contain bleach, ammonia or state on the label they have any type of abrasives. These cleaners can cause damage to your cabinet finish.

EXTERIOR CLEANING - LAMINATE/THERMOFOIL

Some styles use doors and drawer fronts with a laminate or thermofoil finish. To clean this type of finish, use the same procedure described with wood exteriors.

EXCEPTION: DO NOT wax laminate or thermofoil cabinet surfaces.